

## No. 20

# AN OLD MAN'S DARLING.

BY MRS. ALICE M. MILLER

## CHAPTER IX.

A blind chance at last brought about the fatal meeting between Bonfield Vere and Colonel Carlyle which Felix Herbert so greatly dreaded and deplored.

As the autumn months merged into winter Bonfield had developed a new phase of her trouble. A great and excruciating restlessness took possession of her.

She no longer moved in her chamber, thinking and thinking on the one subject that began to obscure even the memory of her Uncle Francis. She had brooded over Leslie's strange silence until her brain reeled with agony, and a strange longing for oblivion and for forgetfulness had taken hold upon her.

It was for that faded Leithian draught which now, drink and alcohol took all the life was forgotten? She would murmur wildly as she paced the floor, wringing her beautiful hands and weeping, "Either Leslie has deserted me or he is dead. In either case it is worthless to remember him! Oh! that I could forget!"

Stranded in her thick veil and long cloak she began to take long rambling walks every day, returning weary and fatigued, so that sleep, which for Leslie had deserted her, began to return, and in long and heavy slumbers she would lose for a little while the memory of the handsome artist so deeply loved in that brief and beautiful summer. These days were gone for ever. Her brief spring of happiness was over. It seemed to her that the only solace that remained to her weary heart was forgetfulness.

Once, maddened desperate by her suspense, she had written a letter to Leslie, a long and loving letter, full of tender reproaches for his silence, and containing the whole story of her uncle's tragic death. She had begged him to send her just a little line to assure her that she was not forgotten, and this beautiful little letter, filled with the pure thoughts of her innocent heart, she had directed to Boney, Italy.

No answer came to that yearning cry from the aching heart of the little wife. She waited until hope became a hideous mockery. She began to think how strange it was that she, little Bonfield Vere, who looked so much like a child, with her short hair and baby blue eyes, was really a wife. But for the shining ring with its pretty inscription, "Minnie," which Leslie had placed upon her finger that night, she would have begun to believe that it was all a fevered dream.

She was thinking of that ring one day as she walked along the crowded street, filled with eager shoppers, for Christmas was drawing near, and people were busy providing holiday gifts for their dear ones.

"Minnie!" she repeated to herself, walking heedlessly along the wet and glistening pavement. "That means 'the Lord with her two feet, and one who we are absent one from another.' Oh, Leslie, Leslie!"

Absorbed in painful thoughts she began to quicken her steps, until forgetful of the thin sheet of ice that covered the pavement, and which required very careful walking. How it happened she could not think, but the next moment she felt one ankle twisting suddenly beneath her with a dreadful pain in it, and found herself falling to the ground.

With an exclamation of terror she tried to recover her balance, but vainly. She lay extended on the ground, her hat and veil falling off, and exposing her beautiful pale face with its clustering locks of sunny hair.

People crowded around her immediately, but to the weak her was a gentleman who was coming out of a jewelry store in front of which she had slipped and fallen.

He lifted her up tenderly, and a few minutes later he had her in his arms.

Bonfield tried to stand upon her feet and thank them both for their timely aid.

To her terror a sharp twinge of pain in her ankle warned her that she could not stand upon it. She uttered a cry of pain and her blue eyes filled with quick tears.

"I fear my ankle is sprained," she said. "I cannot stand upon it."

"Never mind," said the gentleman, melted by the tears, and the beauty of the sufferer. "There is my carriage at the entrance. Give me your address and I will take you home immediately."

Bonfield was growing so faint from the pain of her sprained ankle that she could scarcely speak, but she murmured weakly, "Fifth Avenue, number 22."

With a slight exclamation of surprise he lifted her into the carriage and gave the order to the driver.

She leaned her head back against the soft cushions of the carriage and closed her eyes wearily.

"I beg your pardon," said her companion's voice, arousing her suddenly from the dreamy stupor that was stealing over her. "But I think you must be Miss Bonfield Vere, Mrs. Arnold's niece. Perhaps you have heard her mention me. I am Colonel Carlyle."

Bonfield opened her eyes with a start, and looked at him, instantly recalling the gossip of her aunt, Lucy. So this was Colonel Carlyle, Felix Herbert's elderly lover. She gave him a quick, nervous glance.

He was an old man, certainly, and apparently made no attempt to disguise the fact, for the curling locks that still clustered about his head were silvered by time, as well as the long beard that flowed down upon his breast.

His features were aristocratic in contour, his mouth rather stern, his eyes still dark and piercing, though he could not have been less than seventy years old. He was dressed with taste and elegance, and his stately form was quite erect and straight.

"Yes, I have heard of you, Colonel Carlyle," Bonfield answered, quietly. "But I cannot imagine how you could know who I am. We have never met before."

"No," he answered, with a gallant bow and smile. "We have not. I have never had the happiness of meeting you, though I have frequently visited at your home. But the fame of Miss Vere's beauty has gone forth into the land, and when you named your address I knew you could be no other."

Bonfield bowed silently. Something in the graceful flattery of his words or tone stirred upon her. Besides, she was in such pain from her ankle that she felt it an effort to speak.

He observed the whiteness of her face, and said quietly:

"Pardon me, but I fear you are suffering from your sprain."

"Soreness," she admitted, through her white lips.

"Bear it as bravely as you can," he said. "In a few minutes you will be home, and can have medical attention. Sprains are quite serious things sometimes, though I hope yours may not result that way."

"I hope not," she echoed, growing paler and paler, and biting her lips to suppress the moan of pain that trembled on them. She was really suffering acute pain from the twisted ankle.

He was silent a minute, studying the beautiful, pale face with admiring eyes. She looked up and met a world of deep sympathy shining on her from his keen, dark eyes.

"I am very fortunate in meeting you, Colonel Carlyle," she said, quietly. "Believe me, I am much indebted for your timely aid."

"I am glad to have been of service to your father's daughter," said the old man, leaning back in his seat. "I am infinitely in the army, Miss Vere. We were friends, though the general was my junior in age and my superior in rank. I have often wondered what poor Harry's daughter was like. He was so kind, so handsome, so charming, so daring."

The girl's blue eyes lit up with pleasure at his praise of the father who had died in her infancy, but whose memory she loved and revered. She put out her hand, saying proudly:

"I thank you for your praise of him, Colonel Carlyle. May my father's friend be mine also."

And the wealthy colonel gave the little hand a fervent pressure, feeling that these timely words of his had gained him a great advantage—one of which he would not be slow to avail himself.

He was about to express his pride and satisfaction at her words in glowing terms, when, with a faint cry, she sank back against the cushions and

closed her eyes. She had succumbed to her pain in spite of herself and faintly.

Fortunately they were within a block of the house. The colonel seated himself beside her and supported her limp head on his arm until the carriage stopped in front of Mrs. Arnold's splendid brownstone mansion.

Then he carefully lifted the fair burden in his arms and carried her across the pavement and up the steps, where he rang the bell.

The domestics, seven who opened the door to him started in surprise and alarm at his sudden, but obviously those upon the drawing-room door, where Felix and his mother sat in company with a few visitors.

Each spring up in bewilderment as Colonel Carlyle entered with a bow and laid the limp body of the girl down upon the sofa. She looked like one dead as she lay there with her closed eyes and a deathly white face, and limp hands hanging down helplessly.

"What has happened, Colonel Carlyle?" demanded Felix, starting forward, as he bent over his mother, while her mother and the guests released her words: "What has happened?"

"Miss Vere slipped and fell upon the ice," he answered, "and has sustained some serious injury. She has suffered much pain. Let her have medical attendance at once."

"But you," said Felix, sharply, and almost rudely. "How came you with her?"

Colonel Carlyle looked at her in slight surprise.

"It was about crossing the pavement to enter my carriage," he explained rather coolly. "When the accident occurred, and I had the happiness to be of service in bringing her home."

And Felix, as he watched his hand being laid on her forehead, from the savor might never recover, from the savor that looked so much like death.

(To be continued.)

Worse Than Crows.



Stranger—Keeping crows out of your spring wherry?

Farmer—None. Spring poets like to walk over it and make their poems—New York Journal

The Fond Wife Loveth a Good Provider.

"Algeron, I forgive you!" "Darling, how generous!" sobbed the contrite husband altogether overcome.

With deft caress she strove to soothe his emotion.

"Yes, Algeron, I forgive you," she whispered softly. "And now that there is this no longer a skeleton in our closet I have room to hang up two or three more dresses, Algeron, dearest."—Detroit Journal

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Wednesday, May 10.

The briefs revision trial will be held May 20th.

The claims of the U. S. in Morocco have been settled.

The mayor of an Ohio town was hospitalized by a lady.

The government is evicting the settlers from Antiochia Island.

The Alaska Furrier factory in Montreal was destroyed by fire.

Free trade will rule in London when the railway is completed to Khartoum.

Porter's counsel will not consent to any further postponement of the trial.

The Lake Superior is in the St. Lawrence with 1,057 tonnage on board.

Smith's is searching in Germany having been imported by Russian laborers.

China has protested against the extension of the U. S. exclusion act to Cuba.

Toronto's striking bricklayers are expected to strike as a means of settlement.

British and the U. S. have agreed upon a plan of action at the peace congress.

Mr. Jamieson, who made the famous rail into Transvaal, is returning to South Africa.

Archbishop Ireland was the principal speaker at the Joan Darc celebration at Orleans, France.

An American firm has secured the contract to erect a large viaduct in British India.

The question of the ownership of Bonanza Island will be settled without a collision of authorities.

Over 200 railway strikers in Duluth topped over a car and passengers by means of a dynamite cartridge.

Fifty-six men are waiting to be employed at Buffalo. The strikers refuse the terms offered by the association.

Andrew Carnegie will send the next few years in searching out good objects on which to bestow his \$200,000,000.

Mr. Chamberlain said that the British government would not resist the Pacific cable proposals if the colonies so desired.

The British ship, Loch Slane, was wrecked on the Pacific coast, and twenty-five of the crew were drowned.

The Dominion government has appointed a commission to examine the rights of half-breeds in the Territories, born between 1870 and 1885, to scrip.

## Condensed News by Wire.

Father Plot, May 10.—The Beaver line steamer Lake Superior, from Cyprus, with 1,057 Donkshobers, passed here at 6.40 a. m. Tuesday inward.

All on board are well.

Montreal, May 10.—The strike of the Merchants Cotton Co's operatives ended Tuesday, the hands agreeing to accept the company's offer of an all around increase of 6 1/2 per cent.

London, May 10.—The British first class armored cruiser Galatea, has been ordered to Iceland, owing to recent seizures of English fishing boats in contravention of the Danish regulations.

Madrid, May 10.—Lieut. General Polavieja, minister of war, has called to General Rios, Spain's principal military officer in the Philippines, an authorization to return to Spain whenever it is convenient.

Victoria, May 10.—The sealing schooner Otto arrived yesterday with the news of the drowning of three men by the overturning of a boat belonging to the schooner May Taylor. J. Hansen, the mate, Jack Marten and another man were drowned.

Hartford, Eng., May 10.—The Hamburg-American and Furness Steamship lines have entered into an agreement under which the Montreal branch of the Hamburg-American line will be placed under the control of the Furness line on the Canadian side of the Atlantic.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 10.—August Grant, aged 22, was drowned on Saturday, in an effort to rescue his young brother from danger. The boy was in a punt, in danger of being carried out, and August plunged in to swim to his aid, but was forest with cramps and drowned himself.

Toronto, May 10.—A woman named Croft, who had kept house for her brother, Bethel Croft, in Allen town, took strychnine and killed herself. She had suffered for years from rheumatism and kindred ills and her mind had been unbalanced.

Toronto, May 10.—The Presbyterian synod of Toronto and Kingston spent Sunday evening in Knox church, Rev. Henry Gracey, of Owen Sound, the retiring moderator, preached the annual sermon, and Rev. Alex. Gilray, of College street church, Toronto, was elected moderator for the ensuing year.

Havana, May 10.—President McKinley, through Adjutant Corbin, has instructed Governor General Brooke to make the North American company here the depository of all funds of the government in the island. Tuesday afternoon \$500,000 was deposited and Wednesday \$1,500,000 was transferred.

London, May 10.—The correspondent of the Times says: "Marquis Viscount Vonstara has either declined the foreign office portfolio in the reconstructed ministry of Gen. Palen's or has made his acceptance conditional upon the presence of Signor Sonnino in the new cabinet. The probability now is for a weaker and non-descript ministry."

Brandon, May 10.—The Christian Endeavor convention completed their business yesterday. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: A. H. Bailey, Winnipeg, president; Rev. J. H. Morgan, Holland, first vice president; Wm. Gordon, Portage la Prairie, second vice president; T. G. Russell, Winnipeg, third vice president; N. J. Matthews, Winnipeg, secretary; J. F. Nixon, Winnipeg, assistant secretary; W. C. McLeod, Winnipeg, treasurer.

## Asthma Cured

After Twelve Years' Suffering—Toronto Physicians Advised Leaving Her Home to go to Manitoba—Clark's Kola Compound Cured.

Mrs. Margaret M. Vandyke, St. Toronto, writes: "I have been troubled with asthma and bronchitis for twelve years, which gradually grew worse each year in spite of the hundreds of dollars my husband has spent with several doctors, and almost every remedy would be prescribed, when only offered temporary relief. For the past two years I could not get on my feet, and during the last year (previous to taking Clark's Kola Compound) the asthma became so severe that I had not had a full night's sleep, and during most of that time I had to be in attendance. I was given up several doctors, and was losing no letter, and the last doctor, after about two months' treatment, told me he could do nothing for me, and advised me to go to Manitoba or some dry climate. We heard of Clark's Kola Compound being a cure for asthma, and before taking this remedy made several inquiries from those who had taken it, and each case told the result, so satisfactory that we resolved to try it. After taking the first bottle I began to feel better, and began to sleep at night. Since taking the third bottle I have not felt the slightest symptoms of my former trouble. I have gained in six months gained nearly 20 pounds in flesh and feel perfectly fit and in every way as well as ever. I will send you my name to induce any sufferer from this terrible disease to get Clark's Kola Compound. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, Mrs. Margaret M. Vandyke. Per printed order of Dr. P. G. O'Connell, Toronto, Ont.

## A Woman's Bank.

The Fifth Avenue National bank of New York has 5,000 women depositors. It is situated at the corner of Forty-fifth street and Fifth avenue in the midst of the residences of wealthy classes, and is almost exclusively patronized by rich women, who keep their household accounts and run many of their businesses in the bank. The receiving tellers are very busy during the first few days of every month, when the patrons of the bank bring in the allowances they have received from their husbands or fathers, but the rest of the time they have comparatively few depositors to take care of, and have plenty of time to assist the paying tellers in cashing checks that have been drawn to meet grocery or dressmaker bills.

Alfred A. Taylor, of Margaree, says: "One bottle MINARD'S LINIMENT cured a swelling of the gambel joint, and saved a horse worth \$140."

Thos. W. Payne, of Bathurst, saved the life of a valuable horse that the Vet. had given up, with a few bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

## Snapped Up.

"That amateur palmer reader told me I would make a good horseholder."

"Well, what did you say?"

"I told him it was rather sudden, but he might speak to papa."—Detroit Free Press

## Three to Life.

Mrs. McGriffy—Tis a fine picture you have of the old man, it is.

The Widow O'Drannigan—Isn't it now? It is that natural eye can almost hear 'im swearin'—Indianapolis Journal

TOTALLY DEAF.—Mr. S. C. Crandall, Port Huron, writes: "I contracted a severe cold last winter, which resulted in my becoming totally deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other. After trying various remedies, and consulting several doctors, without obtaining any relief, I was advised to try Dr. THOMAS' ECCELESTIC OIL. I warmed the oil and poured a little of it into my ear, and before one-half the bottle was used my hearing was completely restored. I have heard of other cases of deafness being cured by the use of this medicine."

## On Their Own Ground.

"These people," remarked the empress dowager, "are always talking about an open door for China."

"Yes," answered Li Hing Chang, "and I guess they are going to have it that way."

"Well, let a kip quiet and not make any fuss. We'll be lucky if they don't get up a political party in the next few years with a 'Chinese must go' plank in its platform."—Washington Star

## Women Need Not Suffer

From those terrible side aches, back aches, head aches and the thousand and one other ills which make life full of misery.

Most of these troubles are due to impure, imperfectly filtered blood—the kidneys are not acting right and in consequence the system is being poisoned with impurities.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are daily proving themselves woman's greatest friend and benefactor.

Here is an instance: Mrs. Harry Fleming, St. Mary's, N. B., says: "The use of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to complete health. The first symptoms I noticed in my case were pains in the back, my back and around the loins, together with general weakness and loss of appetite. I gradually became worse, until, having tried Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box from our druggist."

I am pleased to testify to their effectiveness in correcting the troubles from which I suffered.

## Everybody Needs a Spring Restorative

You may call it spring fever, say you are lazy or imagine you are only tired; but the truth is that vitality runs low in the spring and the blood is thin, weak, and impure.

Deprived of proper nourishment from the blood, and poisoned by the impurities which it carries through the system, every part of the body cries out for assistance. There is indigestion and dyspepsia, the liver and kidneys become clogged and inactive, pains in the back, sides and limbs, headache and neuralgic pains, the nerves become exhausted and there follows nervousness, irritability, and sleeplessness, female complaints, lassitude, tired feeling and despondency.

To rid the system of these distressing ills caused by weak and impure blood there is no preparation so effective as DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD. It is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of America's greatest physician, DR. A. W. CHASE, which has proved wonderfully successful as a blood and nerve medicine.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD contains in pill form all the ingredients required to purify and enrich the blood. It gently regulates the bowels, invigorates the kidneys and liver, tones the stomach and digestive organs, and gives new energy and vigor to every organ of the body.

**DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD**  
Fifty Cents a Box, at all dealers, or EDIMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.



## ONTARIO WHEAT.

INDICATIONS THAT THE YIELD WILL BE BELOW THE AVERAGE.

The Government Crop Bulletin Says Both the Winter and Spring Were Unfavorable.

Toronto, May 11.—The condition of the fall wheat is causing considerable uneasiness and reports generally are extremely unfavorable. C. G. James, deputy minister of agriculture, has a run to London on one side and on the other. "Of course," he said to a reporter, "I can say nothing as to the extent to which the fall wheat has been ploughed up, but the growth since spring opened is simply awful, the progress is all the more remarkable because of the absence of rain. The long continuance of frost in the ground appears to be responsible for a steady supply of moisture to the growing crops."

F. W. Hodgson, superintendent of the Farmers' institute, made a fairly close inspection of the section between Toronto and Hamilton and about Brantford. "Between Toronto and Hamilton," said Mr. Hodgson, "I would estimate that the fall wheat now standing will give 60 to 75 per cent of an average crop. Two years old meadows will give 70 per cent as an average crop and the older meadows still better. About Brantford 40 per cent of the wheat has been ploughed up, the balance will give about 65 per cent of an average. Now the meadows are decidedly better than they are near Toronto. While there has been considerable killing out, still many good fields are left." Speaking of the section east of Toronto, of which he has also seen something, Mr. Hodgson said: "There are a few very good fields of fall wheat between Toronto and Peterboro, but much of that not ploughed up will not average over 50 per cent of a crop. Some clover fields will give a good return in seed but seven-tenths of that sown last year is either killed or badly damaged; it will not give a quarter crop. In many fields only the timothy is left, the clover is gone. This condition prevails more or less all the way to Montreal. Here and there a good field is seen, but in some districts even the timothy is done for."

The government crop bulletin says: The weather during the winter and early spring has been exceedingly unfavorable for fall wheat and as a consequence the crop, which promised well before snow fell, has been greatly injured by the inclemency of the season and is practically a failure in many localities. The want of snow in most places left the ground exposed to unusually severe and protracted frosts, and the heavy rain formed pools of water which froze and killed the young plants in the hollows and flooded the lands. The dry weather, which has prevailed in some neighborhoods since the opening of the growing season, has also wrought some injury. A considerable percentage of the area sown to fall wheat is being ploughed up. It is worthy of note that reports from Algoma, where there was a good covering of snow during the winter, are more favorable than those from the older settled counties.

## THE STRIKERS WIN.

The Buffalo Grain Shovelers Victorious Over Contractors.  
Buffalo, May 11.—Ex-Congressman Mahony addressed the grain shovelers here yesterday afternoon and informed them that an agreement had been reached and they had won a victory. After the speaker, 350 shovelers left the hall and lined up on the sidewalk of the street to receive Bishop O'Reilly, who drove up at 2:20. He was received with hearty cheers.

### The Carpenters' Strike.

Winnipeg, May 11.—A step has been reached in the carpenters' strike situation, but the lockout cannot be said to be settled. The Carpenters' union made a minimum wage of 30 cents per hour, nine hours to constitute a day's work. The employers have intimated their willingness to agree to this demand, but will not agree to employ only union men, and as the latter say that the policy of having three, eight and twelve incompetents is sure to result, they are not prepared to raise the strike. However, it is felt that the settlement will lead to an early cessation of the difficulty.

### AGAINST MONOPOLY.

Glasgow, May 12.—Representatives of the chief iron manufacturing houses of Scotland deny that a scheme has been submitted to them by an American syndicate, headed by Mr. Andrew Carnegie, to absorb the iron and steel industries of Great Britain. The syndicate men quoted desired that the Scotch houses will never be themselves up with American monopolists.

Cypress River, May 11.—A farm house and its north of here occupied by W. Chambers and family was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The occupants escaped.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Friday, May 12.

An \$80,000 fire visited Saginaw. The pope has declared a universal jubilee for next year. Howland, assistant postmaster-general, Washington, is dead. H. Moore, of Belleville, fireman on the G. T. R., was killed in a collision. The Buffalo railroads are doing remarkably well in their new history. The Manitoba university council decided for a four years' course in arts. Famine sufferers are dying by scores in Russia from scurvy and typhus. H. L. Englehard, a wealthy London banker and philanthropist, is dead. The Canadian press excursion to the west will be the largest in the history. There is a tie up at Duluth 20,000 cars of grain owing to the Buffalo strike.

D. L. Park of Port Arthur, was banqueting for his work in advertising New Dominion. The senate of Michigan has taken action to prevent the formation of trusts in the state. German professors have no faith in good results being the outcome of the peace congress. St. John's, N. B., has elected a new mayor. St. Wilfrid's, Ontario, is celebrating the centenary of the mission of St. Wilfrid.

The King of Belgium has caused a sensation by paying his daughter's dressmaking bills.

A party of Bristol, B. I., merchants will visit for Canada this month to promote trade relations.

Mr. John Gorton, in a Montreal speech, announced his severance from the conservative party.

Confederate veterans have refused to allow the federal government to take charge of their country.

The Turkish forces, which have been endeavoring to put down the insurrection in the Arabian, have been badly defeated.

The U. S. government commission, which is enquiring into the operations of the oil trust, is in Washington, first taking up the oil trust.

The Hamilton authorities have decided to refuse the preparation of a social survey for the city and will use the new provincial lists.

Mr. John Van Horne said that the resignation of Mr. C. B. Smith, president of the U. S. National Bank, was a personal matter, but the rise in the company's stock in the general prosperity of the Dominion.

## YOUNG DOUKHOBORS.

Four Train Bands Pass Through Ottawa en Route to the West.

Ottawa, May 12.—Four train bands of Doukhobors passed through the city en route to the west yesterday. There were in all about fifteen hundred persons on board, the majority of them being children ranging in age from two weeks to twelve years old. The Doukhobors were a healthy looking lot and were getting up the hills of many colors. Quite a number were at the station upon their arrival, among whom were a number of bicycle girls with cameras, and snap shots were taken of the immigrants. The Doukhobors left for the west shortly after eight o'clock. Some of them did quite a business in selling furs and other goods, and a novel in variety and found ready purchasers. About four hundred Canadians also passed through the city yesterday.

### Cargoes Held at Duluth.

Buffalo N. Y., May 12.—The situation on the docks yesterday shows no improvement. Between 19,000,000 and 20,000,000 bushels of grain are held up at Duluth on account of the grain shovelers' trouble here.

Said a well known grain dealer yesterday morning: "The grain delayed there is for export and would be on its way eastward if normal conditions prevailed at this port. Duluth shippers say there is no use in sending the grain on here so long as there is no telling when it can be unloaded and shipped eastward. All told, not more than 1,000,000 bushels of grain have left Duluth so far. Western shippers are sending export grain through to New York and Boston by rail, rather than take chances in sending by water. Three hundred and fifty grain laden cars bound for the Atlantic seaboard went eastward this morning."

### Death of Tom Nickalls.

London, May 12.—Tom Nickalls, the father of the famous sailors Guy and Vivian Nickalls, died yesterday at Farnham, Surrey, aged 72.

When a boy Mr. Nickalls accompanied his father to Chicago in 1828, where the latter bought some land. Tom Nickalls returned to England in 1845 and started business as a stock peddler, in which he won the nickname "King of the American railroad market."

Mr. Nickalls was an ardent sportsman and for the last twenty years held the position of master of the Surrey stag hounds.

### No Grain Moving.

Toledo, Ohio, May 12.—Since the S. C. Reynolds returned from Buffalo without unloading, not a bushel of grain has left this port. The loss to grain shippers is beginning to be felt severely. Several meat men are also feeling the loss in shipments.

### Wilmington, Del., May 12.—Wm. N. Bagg, the defaulting teller of the Dover National Bank, was sentenced in the United States district court to five years in the Trenton, N. J., penitentiary, beginning yesterday and a fine of \$5,000.

## THEY USED DYNAMITE.

A DULUTH STREET CAR BLOWN OFF THE TRACK.

The Ten Passengers Were All More or Less Injured—Buffalo Grain Shovelers Are Still Out.

Duluth, May 10.—The street railway employees who are now on strike became riotous last night and they or their sympathizers attempted to blow up a street car in West Duluth. They played a dynamite cartridge on a rail and the explosion toppled the car over and injured most of ten passengers on board, but none seriously, though all were so deafened by the noise of the explosion they have not been able to file suits. The force of the explosion tended largely downward, otherwise the car would have been annihilated. This diabolical growl out of the strike of the street railway employees.

Buffalo, May 10.—The strike situation along the docks remains practically unchanged. Contractor Connors stated that he was working thirteen elevators with a full force of men and was elevating 1,000,000 bushels of grain a day. Note that the strike statement the fact remains that there are fifty six large steamers in the harbor waiting to be unloaded and thirty-five more are due within the next forty-eight hours.

Conferences have been held at the residence of Bishop Quigley but without result. That the Lake Carriers' association views the matter in a most serious light is evident from the concessions they are making to the strikers.

A proposition was made by them in which they agreed to practically shelve Contractor Connors, appointing another man to superintend the work and allowing Mr. Connors practically nothing to say as regards the working men, his only connection with the loading of grain being the payment to him of the commission guaranteed under his contract with the Lake Carriers' association. To this proposal the strikers refuse to listen, nothing but the doing away entirely with the contractors will satisfy them.

The officers of the Lake Carriers' association say that it is impossible for them to deal directly with the grain shovelers, owing to the enormous interests at stake in the unloading of thousands of boats and the handling of two hundred million bushels of grain each season.

### PLAIN LANGUAGE.

Rev. Mr. Leitch, at Stratford, Tells His Congregation a Few Things.

Stratford, May 10.—Rev. Mr. L. Leitch, of Knox church this city, preached a sermon on Sunday, which was a very interesting one. Mr. Leitch said he had never more earnestly in his life than he was this morning, but he felt that Knox church was making the spiritual progress should, and if he were the cause of this he was willing to step out at any time, and furthermore, if he continued in the same condition of mind as he was then, he would not be here a year from now. He had not sought the position in the first place, and he felt that there was something wrong, if after preaching for eight years, the congregation, which now included about three hundred men, he could not draw more than eighteen out to the prayer meeting on the previous Wednesday night. Not half of the elders had been present on that occasion and though he was willing to allow a little latitude to the older members, the younger members, he thought, should be on hand. He was not there for the paltry dollars, and though they paid his chair high up with bills, he would not remain if more spiritual progress was not made. They had a fine church, that was not made Christ aware of them little. Should any one complain about this sermon to the presbytery, he would place the facts before that body and defend himself. He had never spoken in such a manner before, and would not do so again.

### Battle Against Cattaraugus.

Montreal, May 10.—Quite a remarkable demonstration took place at St. Hilaire yesterday. The cattaraugus, which last year played havoc with the apple and sugar orchards, seem to be more numerous and more vigorous than ever before. This is viewed with dismay by the people for not only will they suffer the loss of this season's crop, but their trees are in danger of being killed unless the pest is exterminated. The crusade against them was formally opened Monday in the parish church here, where mass was celebrated, after which the procession, headed by the people, the Laffame, and the choir boys, followed by 500 or more parishioners, marched through the infected section with fervent prayers, asking Divine assistance in their battle against the plague, which they have reason to dread. Some fifteen years ago a similar plague visited the section and caused ruin to many orchards.

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GRAIN AND STOCK BROKER.

Private wire connection with all markets. Grain bought and carried on margin. Correspondence solicited.

## THE MARKETS.

Manitoba markets have been quiet during the past week and prices have not varied much, ranging from 72c to 74c for 1 hard at Fort William; 69 to 69 1/2 for No. 1 Nor. and No. 2 hard and the lower grades from 63 1/2 to 66 1/2. Very little shipping business has been done owing to the strike of the grain handlers at Buffalo, which has caused a blockade of grain laden vessels. An early settlement of the trouble is looked for, however.

The American markets have been dull also until today when considerable weakness and activity developed, carrying prices to the lowest point reached since the decline in March. The export demand though fairly good, is not so strong as it was some time back. Farmers are running smaller, due partially to the great activity in spring farm work.

Crop advices have been rather conflicting, but on the whole are sufficiently positive to indicate serious injury to the winter plant, while in the Northwest, and especially in the Red River valley, which is the garden of the spring wheat section, climatic conditions have not only retarded seeding, but left the ground in such condition that it insures very late planting. In Southern Minnesota and South Dakota the wheat is up and progressing nicely, but quite late and will require more than average climatic conditions to develop a reasonable harvest. Some bad reports have come from Russia, but outside of these, advices have generally indicated very fair prospects in the old world. Taking the situation as a whole, wheat should be worth present prices at least, and any important occurrences affecting values will probably be in favor of the buyer.

J. D. O'BRIEN.

Chicago, May 13.—Wheat, May 98; July, 79; Sept. 70.  
Corn—May 42; July, 38; Sept. 33.  
Oats—May 28; July, 24; Sept. 20.  
Rye—May, 40; July, 35; Sept. 30.

### WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—Prices are: Fort William, No. 1 hard, 72 to 74 1/2; No. 2 hard, No. 1 northern 69 to 69 1/2; No. 3 hard, No. 2 northern, No. 1 spring, 66 to 68 1/2; dried No. 2 hard 64 1/2; dried No. 2 northern 63 1/2.

Flour, feed, etc.—There is little barley to be got, and the nominal price is 33 to 35c.

On the 10th of the month, prices are quoted at 30 to 35c, with no one selling. Bran has gone down a dollar a ton, and is now worth at the mill 49, with shorts at 41. The price of flour is unchanged, though it is expected that the prices will be 5 cents lower from this on to the eastern trade, on account of lower freight, now that navigation is open. Patent, \$1.80; imp. XXXX, \$1.60; Algoma, \$1.25; strong bakers, \$1.60, with the usual 5 per cent discount.

Live stock—There is nothing new to say of live stock, except that it is still scarce in the province and hard to get. Prices are running at 3 1/2 to 4c per pound for 1c and veal 4c. Hogs are very scarce in the province, but can be had in any quantities in the east, which will keep prices down. They are now worth \$4.50.

Cheese—There has been no cheese made by the factories yet, though they are at work, and new stocks will be put in in a few days.

Hides, etc.—Sheepskins, lambs and sheepskins, 10c each; wool skins 50 to 55c; hides, No. 1, 6 1/2 to 7; No. 2, 5 1/2 to 6; country cured hides, 50 to 60c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.50; calfskins No. 1, 80c; No. 2, 70c; kipskins, No. 1, 6 1/2 to 7; No. 2, 5 1/2 to 6.

Severa root, 17c per lb.  
Hay, etc.—Baled hay, \$6 to \$7 per ton; hay, \$2 to \$3 per ton; straw, \$2 to \$4 per ton; oats, 22 to 25c; bran, \$10; shorts, \$12; hays, 80c; timothy, \$10; wood, \$4.25; birch, \$5.25; tamarac, \$3 cord; poplar, \$5.25.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 80c bushel; carrots, 60c bushel; beets, 50c bushel; turnips, 30c bushel; parsnips, 20 lb.; cabbages, 10c; green, 25c dozen; lettuce, 25c dozen; radish, 25c; rhubarb, 4c.

Eggs, 12 1/2c doz.  
Butter, 15c per lb.

Dressed Meats—Beef easier at 7 1/2 to 8c; lamb still scarce and small; they are worth \$4.50 to \$5 each; mutton, French steaks are now down. Mutton seems to be heavy and rather fat, prices, 5 to 10c. Veal, scarce, running from 7 to 8c. Pork, a tendency to higher prices, 6 to 6 1/2 lb.

Poultry—Turkeys, 16 to 17c lb.; chickens, dressed, 15c; do., live, 70c per pair.

The present is over, but while we are deciding what to do with it the future comes and catches it away from us.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.  
Thursday, May 11.  
The Hewitt Mining Co. of Montreal, has assigned.  
The British-Venezuela arbitration has been postponed.  
Creek's Next Pass coal is being shipped to Montreal.  
Perrier, the Vancouver murderer, will be hanged May 10th.  
A seat in the New York stock exchange was sold for \$10,000.  
Andrew Carnegie will donate \$250,000 to Birmingham university.  
A cyclone in Kansas destroyed many private and public buildings.  
A joint line of cargo steamers will be run from Hamburg and Antwerp to Quebec.  
The third royal drawing room in London was presided over by Princess Christian.  
The church discipline bill was defeated in the British house of commons.  
The schooner Loyal, with eleven gold seekers for the Klondike, is believed to be lost.  
Jas. Gray, the Australian sealer, has challenged James Standish for the championship.  
The report on Ontario's fall wheat is unfavorable and the yield will be below the average.  
The Scotch iron manufacturers have decided not to combine with the American syndicate.  
The Samoan commission has arrived at Apia and the functions of the consuls have ended.  
The Ottawa government is of the opinion that the imperial government owes responsibility to the islanders.  
Britain's peace congress delegates have decided to advocate arbitration for the settlement of national disputes.  
Through the efforts of Lord Curzon, the Buffalo grain shovelers have won a victory in their strike.  
Rev. Mr. O'Reilly, of Montreal, is leaving for Winnipeg with the widespread regret of the community.  
The sheriff of Duluth, O. T., seized three trains from a railway company for non-payment of taxes by the company.

## LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

Creditors Favor the Acceptance of 75 Cents on the Dollar.

May 11.—The committee on banking and commerce Wednesday morning took up a bill respecting La Banque du Peuple. The bank closed its doors a couple of years ago and since that time efforts have been made to close up its affairs in as satisfactory a way as possible. The directors of the bank are personally liable to the creditors. The capital is all gone, and though the shareholders have no further responsibility, the creditors have proceeded to a discharge of their liabilities to the bank, the personal creditors of the directors objecting, as the taking up of the securities would bankrupt such directors personally. If such directors were forced into insolvency even their deposited securities would not, under the Quebec law, be available for the creditors of the bank. It is claimed that the directors would force the bank into liquidation, and the result would be that the creditors of the bank would get much less on account of the expenses of liquidation than if the bill before the committee were accepted.

The bill provides for a payment of 45 cents on the dollar to the creditors on the balance sheet of the bank, and granting to the directors a discharge of further personal responsibility. This would make the total payments to the creditors 75 cents on the dollar. A large majority of the creditors both with regard to numbers and amount of claim, have agreed to accept this.

## SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

T. Montgomery, a Commercial Traveller, Breaks His Legs and Arms.

Brandon, May 11.—Thomas Montgomery, a commercial traveller met with a very painful accident at Wawanesa Tuesday afternoon. He was driving down Wawanesa hill, when he lost control of the team and the rig upset. His large sample trunks with which the wagon was loaded, fell on his arm and one leg. Dr. Vanstone and Hamilton were summoned, and his injuries were attended to. The unfortunate man is now in Wawanesa. Mr. Montgomery, it is understood, is a traveller for Stouffer, Sons & Co. of Winnipeg, and is a resident of that city.

## Indian Wanted Revolvers.

Cornwall, May 11.—Thomas Bromert, of Beauharnois, was in town yesterday on his way from Ottawa to St. Regis, where he hopes to get five more of the ten leaders of the Red Regis trouble to accompany him to his home to surrender. This will complete the list of those for whom warrants were issued. Yesterday evening a Cornwall Indian named Frank Hall, applied at different hardware stores for a supply of revolvers and ammunition, but in view of the Red Regis trouble he was refused without first obtaining an order from the police. He applied to Officer Lynch, who refused the request and searched him for firearms. None were found on his person, and he was allowed to go without being successful in obtaining weapons.

**THE PROGRESS,**  
Weekly paper devoted to local and general  
news. Published every Thursday  
morning by  
**ROSCOE E. LAW.**

**THURSDAY, MAY 18 1899.**  
**THE DOUGLAS**  
**GRAIN BILL.**

The Douglas grain bill is meeting with considerable opposition in certain quarters. The Winnipeg Board of Trade passed a resolution last week censuring the bill as injurious to the trade. In the special committee at Ottawa the banks and elevator men put up a strong opposition. The former claim that having lent the elevator companies money to build their elevators it would be manifestly unfair and detrimental to them to allow the erection of flat warehouses. The elevator owners are afraid lest their control may be lessened, as it undoubtedly would be.

It is not a matter for surprise that the Winnipeg Board of Trade should pass such a resolution when it is remembered that the said Board is largely influenced by grain dealers, elevator owners, and bank managers. It does not follow that the bill is a bad one for that reason. On the contrary, it proves the contention of The Tribune and other journals that the whole grain trade of the west is in the hands of a number of monopolists who care not for the poor farmer, and who look with holy horror on any attempt to deprive them of their unfair monopoly.

We give in another column a report of the discussion before the special committee.

#### PRESS ASSOCIATION.

##### Annual Trip.

The Western Canada Press Association have arranged for their annual outing. They will leave Winnipeg on June 14th and proceed via the Northern Pacific to Spokane, Seattle and other American coast cities, thence will return through the Rocky mountain country via the C. P. R. Special arrangements are being made for the reception of the delegates at the various places of interest and importance along the route. The excursionists will have every care and attention the railway companies can give, and the whole affair promises to be the most successful ever held in the west.

#### HAULTAIN IN WINNIPEG

E. W. G. Haultain, Premier of the Northwest Territories, who is in the city, and who is staying at the Clarendon hotel, accorded an interview to a Telegram reporter, Friday evening.

Mr. Haultain, the tenor of whose conversation showed the hopefulness of his nature and the faith that he possesses in the future of that portion of the Dominion over which he has jurisdiction, was most courteous.

On being asked the immediate reason of his visit to Winnipeg, Mr. Haultain said that the purpose for which he had taken this trip was to try and make some arrangement with the provincial authorities whereby the deaf mutes in the Northwest Territories could be attended to in the institutions at present existing in Manitoba, or, on the other hand, the same principle that the inmates of that part of the country were brought into the asylums of this province. The premier was asked how many deaf mutes were expected to come, should satisfactory arrangements be completed and he replied that to this last his knowledge of the number of these unfortunate were in need of attention, and up to the present no form

of relief had been held out to them by the Northwest assembly. The premier spoke feelingly on the matter and evidently thought it was a subject of great importance, for he said that "the care of the unfortunate was a necessary duty of citizenship."

Mr. Haultain when asked the question, "What policy does your government intend to pursue in reference to the Doukhobors?" replied that no special policy had as yet been formulated. The federal government had brought in these settlers and should any unforeseen circumstances arise, the difficulties arising therefrom would have to be settled by the same authorities that were instrumental in bringing to the country these illiterate immigrants.

Mr. Haultain, on being questioned concerning the probabilities of trouble or of destitution among the Doukhobors, spoke very guardedly, saying that "sufficient to the day was the evil thereof" but that should any destitution arise, he hoped that the federal authorities would not cause the cost of maintaining so large a number to fall on the revenue of the territorial assembly. No special privileges were to be given to the Doukhobors, but at the same time no special debentures were being made. The premier then referred to the legislation lately passed in one of the southern states whereby an educational test had been added to the necessary qualifications for the franchise, a test which though it consisted of only two points, was nevertheless sufficient to debar a large majority of the uneducated negro class from exercising the franchise. Mr. Haultain in answer to a question said that the passing of such a law in the instance of the Doukhobors was out of his powers, and he would not express any opinion as to the desirability of such an act.

The noxious weeds question which is agitating the Northwest Territories so greatly was next touched upon and the premier referred to the act passed at the last sitting of the legislature whereby all vacant lands would be cleared of weeds and the expenses of the clearing tacked on to the future cost of the lands in such cases as the former owner could not be held responsible. The stringency with which the new law would be kept he said would be far greater than that with which the previous law was kept and as the staff of inspectors had been enlarged this time of the Territories should be specially assessed.

The prairie fire law was also touched on and the premier highly eulogized this law and the manner in which the N. W. A. P. looked after its safe keeping.

The two other questions of political significance, namely, the school question and the resignation of Dr. Birt, Mr. Haultain skirted a little, saying of the first that his knowledge of the rumored changes in the school system of the Northwest Territories were as yet elementary and to the second he knew nothing of Dr. Birt's movements beyond those already made public. In speaking of the difficulty of contesting Dr. Birt's constituency, it being composed of land, a hot springs town, several small coal towns, occasional prospectors' camps and a wide range of scattered country.

Mr. Haultain concluded the conversation by a hearty expression of his confidence in the rapid progress of the country generally, financially and in every other way.

#### ELEVATOR DISCUSSION.

Ottawa, May 12.—The special committee on the Douglas bill had another lengthy session this morning there being a large attendance of those opposed.

A letter was read from W. W. Ogilvy explaining that when he stated to the committee last Wednesday there were no objections to the erection of flat warehouses, he was only speaking for himself, and not for the elevator owners generally.

Mr. Parish then introduced and discussed the question at length, going over the whole ground carefully, along much the same lines as Mr. Roblin.

Mr. Douglas stated that Mr. Shangnessy admitted to him last year that the company was not doing right in allowing the elevator people to have a monopoly. It was a violation of the spirit of the railway law.

This Judge Clarke denied. Judge Clarke then presented the case from the C. P. R. standpoint, pointing out the desirability in the interests of the farmers and the company, of having a good elevator system, and it was to promote that system that the company made the arrangement it did with the elevator owners. However, if no additional duties were imposed upon the company by the bill, he did not think the company would have any objection to the erection of all warehouses or elevators desired.

Mr. Bready spoke briefly, saying that as a rule the men who owned the warehouse knew perfectly well when they erected them that they would be supplanted later on, and the owners generally erected elevators later on.

Mr. McTavish followed, saying there were no complaints whatever from the farmers. They were satisfied. The only ones who were making complaint and causing trouble were a few private grain dealers and some professional agitators.

Mr. Wilson, manager of the bank of Hamilton, spoke on behalf of the banking interests. He emphasized the commercial importance to the country to get the crop moved as quickly as possible, and get the money into the country. That being so it was important to have a good elevator system. He was present to protest against any action which would reduce the value of security upon which banks advanced their money.

Mr. Patton followed, saying it would be most injurious to interfere with the present system. The bankers did not believe in interfering with it. He read a resolution passed by the Bankers' Association of Winnipeg deprecating any interference with the present elevator system and opposing the bill.

Mr. Frank Oliver jumped in in the liveliest fashion, and an interesting tilt occurred. He said it was evident a most gigantic combine existed that the people dreamed of. The big deputation on hand to oppose the bill included the C. P. R., elevator owners, grain dealers, and now the bankers had dropped up. It was a hard combination against the farmers, who had no deputation before the committee. However, their representatives were present on the committee and would see that the interests of their constituents were protected as far as they could.

Col. Tisdale, who is always found fighting for the Railway interests, interrupted with the statement that he was a representative of the farmers as well as Oliver.

Oliver jumped to his feet and said "I beg to apologize to the hon. gentleman for placing him in a wrong category; I always understood that he represented the railway interests in parliament." (laughter)

The colored at once became hot under the collar and protested that he had no interest in any railway, and would not allow such an "impertinent remark to go unchallenged."

Mr. Muir went into the question fully, making a moderate speech, and showing how rapidly the grain business was developing, prophesying what the volume would be soon.

Mr. Bawlf followed, there was no complaint by the farmers in regard to the handling of grain. The general tenor of the arguments he presented was that all the delegates were largely actuated by a determination to protect the farmers.

The conclusion, therefore, was irresistible that the farmer was a lucky dog when he has the elevator owners, railways, grain dealers and bankers all represented and bound to see that his interests are

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protected. No wonder he should be described as pampered, puffed and spoiled, and that those who claim that he suffers by reason of grievances should be characterized as professional agitators and dangerous demagogues. Great is Humbug.

The committee adjourned until next Thursday.

#### COSTIGAN LEAVES THE PARTY.

The Leaders do Not Represent the Party.

Montreal, May 11.—Hon. John Costigan, minister of marine and fisheries in Sir Charles Tupper's cabinet and the holder of other portfolios for years under Sir John A. Macdonald and his successors, made the following important statement to a Herald representative recently:

"You may say I have entirely severed my connection with the Conservative party as it stands today. You may go further, and you may state I consider the leaders of the party do not represent the party or the ideas I have always supported. Indeed, I may say, in my opinion, they are the men who wrecked the Conservative party. Their tact, yes, and their principles, are entirely at variance with my own, and for that reason I voted against them. As to the tariff, I am convinced that the changes made by the Liberals are more satisfactory to the business people and the country generally than the changes made in the last Foster tariff. I am prepared to support the Liberal government in its policy, so far as it agrees with my own views. Measures may come up where I shall be compelled to differ from them, but I need not anticipate these. The Liberals have the confidence of the country. I have already voted for their measures, and shall do so, excepting in such cases as I have mentioned."

The last day news of The New West Farmer contains a splendid full-page engraving of the late Rogers' show, as well as an report of the Western Stock Growers' Association meeting held at Macleod. There is also another article on "Herd Cultivation in the N. W. T." by Angus Mackay, of Indian Head Experimental Farm, which makes a most particularly interesting in many details of the Territories. The Farmer is for agriculturists and those interested in livestock or sheeping. It is issued twice a month.

#### TENDERS WANTED.

FOR the temporary latrine for the summer season. The highest and best tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders to be handed to the secretary by May 25th.

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Thurs. 11	54	35
Fri. 12	55	31
Sat. 13	49	21
Sun. 14	48	26
Mon. 15	49	32
Tues. 16	44	33

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## THE PEACE CONGRESS.

### ASSEMBLING FOR DISARMAMENT OF THE NATIONS.

**Slight Hope That the Original Idea Will Have a Practical Result—Frankness of the Germans.**

The Hague, May 15.—Baron DeStaal and the other Russian delegates to the International Disarmament congress, arrived here Saturday night, being the first of the official representatives to reach the city. The townspeople, as well as the government, have made great preparations to fittingly entertain their guests. There has already been a great influx of visitors and all available rooms in the hotels and residences have been engaged at greatly advanced prices. Quarters for the delegates have been engaged for six weeks, indicating a unanimous belief that the conference will be prolonged. About 120 delegates will be entitled to vote.

Extraordinary precautions have been taken to prevent unauthorized persons from gaining admission to the Hotel Tenbosch, where the sessions of the conference will be held. There is a general agreement among the diplomatic corps at The Hague that Count Munster will call the delegates to order and will nominate M. D. Baerfont, the Dutch minister of foreign affairs, as honorary president. Baron DeStaal will then be elected chairman and the Russian programme will be produced. The few small hotels which the capital of Holland contains will be proved entirely inadequate to accommodate the few hundred persons who in one capacity or another will attend the conference.

A small army of journalists will crowd to the Hague, several leaving here on Sunday. The imposition of secrecy, however, has made a considerable difference in this respect, more than one well known journalist having declined the task which could only be successfully accomplished by methods akin to eavesdropping.

### STANDARD BANK ROBBED.

**Burglars Break Into a Bank at Bowmanville and Take Over \$11,000 Cash.**

Bowmanville, Ont., May 15.—A daring bank robbery was perpetrated early Saturday morning, when the Standard bank was robbed of over \$11,000. There were seven or eight men in the gang, who thoroughly understood the business of safe cracking.

The building is a brick structure, built in 1894, and is equipped with the latest and most improved burglar proof appliances. The burglars first went to the police office, and seized the night watchman, Henry Metcalfe, whom they blindfolded, gagged and handcuffed. They then, after telling him what they proposed, doubled back, threatening to shoot him if he did not keep quiet, escorted him over to the bank, which was only around the corner and commenced operations.

Metcalfe was guarded by one man with a revolver, while the others entered the bank by removing a pane of glass from one of the windows on the west side of the building, the front door being then pried open. Three explosions took place in quick succession, which apparently worked well, for in about half an hour the three doors leading to the place where the valuables were deposited were shattered as though they were of wood. About \$11,000 belonging to the bank, \$1100 belonging to the Canada Life Insurance company and a lot of valuables belonging to private citizens were carried off.

As soon as the job was finished the burglars carried Night Watchman Metcalfe into the bank and departed for parts unknown. Metcalfe was found about 5 a. m.

#### Port Huron Destroyed.

Tilburg, Ont., May 14.—With the exception of one store the entire business portion of the village of Port Huron was destroyed by fire last night. The post office, two hotels, the telephone and the Great North West Telegraph offices and a couple of general stores are among the buildings burned. The total loss is about \$30,000, with insurance at \$25,000.

#### Rev. W. E. Brown Dead.

Regina, May 14.—A gloom was cast over the town by the death yesterday morning of the Rev. W. E. Brown, rector of St. Paul's church. The reverend gentleman was taken ill ten days ago, and though unable to conduct the services last Sunday, he was not thought in danger. Three days ago, however, pneumonia set in and his recovery was seen to be impossible.

#### PEG-LEG BROWN WILL HANG.

Ottawa, May 14.—The cabinet had under consideration on Saturday the case of M. Brown, known as "Peg-leg" Brown, of London, Ont., the murderer, who shot and killed William Joseph of that city. He also will be allowed to take his defence and therefore Brown will be executed on Wednesday next, 17th inst.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Monday, May 15.

T. Wood, of Greenwood, Ont., shot and killed his wife.

Jamaicans are desirous of a reciprocity treaty with the United States.

The steamer Gallia, of the Atlas line, is reported in the St. Lawrence river.

Nearly the entire business portion of Port Huron, Ont., was destroyed by fire.

The Australian cricket team was defeated by the Essex, Eng., representatives.

The Indians have been asked to hold themselves in armed readiness to take the field.

Hagelmann won the 72 hour gun-swinging race in New York, with a score of 407 miles.

The Standard bank, at Bowmanville, was robbed of \$11,000 and a quantity of valuables.

Miss M. Hesellett, a 17-year-old girl, won the ladies' golf championship at Bowmanville, Ont.

Residents of Hamilton, Ont., were sentenced in Rochester for smuggling tobacco into the States.

The grain shovellers' strike ended Saturday night, the strikers getting practically all they demanded.

The schooner Schooner founded in Lake Superior and all on board, with the exception of the captain, were drowned.

The Toronto military corps held a parade in celebration of the centennial of the monument erected to the rebellion here.

A Canadian lady in a letter to a London journal rebuked Lord Salisbury for his care against ladies' bicycle costumes.

St. Howard Vincent's proposal in the British house of commons in favor of reducing the duties secured only thirty-seven votes.

The political duel between Lord Rosebery and Mr. William Vernon Harcourt is arousing considerable discussion in Great Britain.

France no longer asserts that neither France nor Germany will interfere with Great Britain should anti-slavery measures be taken.

The Illinois have again made representations to the U. S. authorities to remove the restrictions on liquor.

In the Reading, Pa., railway accident, 29 persons are dead and 50 sustained serious injuries. The cause was as yet under investigation.

The London Times says the U. S. government must deal with the Ottawa authorities, in regard to the Ottawa railway, in a second consideration.

### \$5,000 REWARD.

**Sensation Throughout Ontario Over the Recent Bank Robberies.**

Toronto, May 15.—The robbery of banks in Ontario with so much impunity is creating a sensation throughout the province. Within the past year, the Dominion bank at Nanapanee, the Bank of Commerce at Dresden, and the Standard bank at Bowmanville, and no less than twelve private banks have been robbed and as yet the police have been unable to land the thieves in prison. The president of one of the banks here said a day or two ago his bank had been notified that an attempt would be made to blow the safe of a certain branch. This put the bank officials on the qui vive, and circulars were sent out. It also shows that there are so many thieves in the game, some one has peached.

The bank managers of Ontario are greatly disturbed. It was reported Saturday that a deputation of bank authorities would wait on the attorney general on Monday to protest that the department had not done enough in the way of ferreting out these professional thieves who are robbing provincial banks at intervals.

The Standard bank has offered a reward of five thousand dollars for the apprehension of the bank thieves. Detectives are inclined to believe that Pare and Holden, the Nanapanee robbers who escaped, are implicated in these bank robberies, though it seems hardly credible.

#### One Strike Ended.

Buffalo, May 15.—At a conference held at Bishop Quigley's residence yesterday an agreement was signed by representatives of the grain shovellers and the Lake Carriers association which practically ends the strike. The men are to return to work today and it is believed the grain blockade here can be lifted in three or four days. The men gain practically everything they have asked for with the exception of the abrogation of the contract of W. J. Coomers. This will remain in force until the close of the season, but Mr. Coomers has practically been shelved and beyond drawing his commission, will have practically nothing to do with the unloading of grain.

The striking freight handlers, coal heavers and iron ore men have to be dealt with and as they number 2,500 there is danger of serious trouble along the docks until their demands for increased wages and the elimination of the contract system are met.

### THE HONDO TORNADO.

Houston, Texas, May 14.—A special from Eagle Pass, Texas, says: News received from the Hondo coal mine places the dead resulting from Wednesday night's tornado at 23 and over 100 wounded. Many persons are still missing and are under the ruins. A tremendous fall of hail accompanied the tornado and many were injured.

#### COL ALMER LEAVING.

Ottawa, May 15.—Col. Almer, adjutant general of Canada, leaves on Saturday next for London, Eng., where he will be on the staff of Sir Redvers Buller in command at Aldershot, and where he will take a short course in tactical fitness for command. Colonel Almer will be absent for four months.

## THE BRICKLAYERS WIN.

### MASTERS ACCEPT THE DEMAND OF THE MEN.

**Grain Shovellers' Strike About Over—They Gained a Great Victory Over the Contractors.**

Toronto, May 14.—The bricklayers' strike ended this afternoon by the surrender of the masters, who agreed to accept the demand of the men for 55 1-2 cents. The strike has lasted since May 1st. The men resume work on Monday.

Buffalo, May 14.—It looks tonight as if the strike of the grain shovellers was about over. Bishop Quigley has brought about an agreement on all but minor points, and it is expected that the men will be back at work next week. The strikers have gained a big victory, securing practically all that they have fought for. Several hundred coal shovellers and a like number of freight handlers are out on strike, in sympathy with the grain shovellers, but it is thought that they will return to work now that the main strike is settled.

Liege, Belgium, May 14.—At meetings of strikers in various parts of this district it was decided to accept the offer of five per cent. increase in wages. Work will probably be resumed next week. The national federation of miners on April 15th issued orders for a general strike in the four coal mining districts in Belgium to enforce the demand for an increase in wages. The strike resulted in the closing of a great many factories in Belgium on account of the lack of coal, between forty and fifty thousand workmen have been idle on account of this strike.

### THE DRESDEN ROBBERY.

**It Was Scarcely Executed by the Most Expert Crooks.**

Toronto, May 14.—Chief Inspector John W. Murray has been down in Western Ontario investigating the Dresden bank robbery, which he ascertained was accomplished by the most advanced type of professional burglars. The method used was quite scientific, and the crooks were evidently possessed of an air of perfect confidence. This was applied to the crooks because the door and the frame, and all the air was pumped out of the safe. Then the thieves pumped detonating powder and fulminate of mercury into the safe and set a fuse. All the crooks in the safe, except at the point at which they worked, were plugged with soft soap so as to let them in. Fulminate of mercury is one of the most powerful explosives known and will ignite either by heat or by concussion. The amount used was very carefully adjusted to the weight of the door, and it was then thrown about four feet, only the lock being shattered. The door was then opened and the crooks against the pumping process, because it had a rubber lining, but this was probably dry and shrunken. Previous to blowing the safe the burglars had entered the vault by very neatly blowing away its combination lock. The whole job did not take half an hour.

#### Last Word Not Spoken.

London, May 13.—Toronto Telegram cable.—The Colonial club dinner was held at the Hotel Cecil last night. It inaugurated the opening of the new premises in Whitehall Court. The dinner was largely attended and in every way a grand success. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the Canadian high commissioner for Canada, and the Earl of Aberdeen, formerly governor-general of Canada, were amongst the many present. The latter in proposing the toast of "The British Empire," assured his hearers that the last word on the Pacific cable had not been spoken. The Canadian commissioner in replying declared that the colonial secretary, Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, was determined that the colonies should be prosperous and in every sense that was possible the mother country would aid in making them so.

#### Jumped the Track.

Winnipeg, May 14.—An N. P. train hauling a work train of flat cars jumped the track ten miles north of Morris Thursday evening about 7 o'clock, when running between 15 and 18 miles an hour. The locomotive rolled over into the ditch, and Engineer Charles Harrison and Fireman R. Strom sustained painful but not serious injuries. The fireman had three ribs broken, and was taken to the St. Boniface hospital for treatment. Several of the flat cars were derailed, but the conductor and brakemen were in the caboose and escaped unhurt.

#### Contempt of Court.

Toronto, May 13.—A motion was made before Judge Street this morning to commit Col. Prior, M. P. for Victoria, for contempt of court in refusing to attend for examination in connection with suit against him by E. L. Cox for non-delivery of shares in the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company bought from him. The defence is that Col. Prior cannot leave his parliamentary duties. Judgment was reserved.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, May 13.

Ex-Gov. Flower, of New York, died of apoplexy.

A Texas tornado carried away many freight cars.

Government rewards have been offered for three men and a dog.

The first fleet carrying iron ore to Deseronto, Ont., arrived safely.

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Langley's experiments with a new flying machine in Virginia were not successful.

The French chamber of deputies has accepted the Anglo-French Nile-Niger agreement.

The bill congress is hopeless of independence, but is holding out for better terms.

The bank robbery at Dresden is said by detectives to be the work of six persons.

Between 10,000 and 50,000 workmen are idle owing to strikes in Belgium.

A deputation was in Lancaster, county, Eng., were wrecked by an explosion, which killed four persons.

When the British ambassador returns to Washington, an Anglo-American treaty will be arranged.

John Arthur refused to continue a play in a New Haven theatre until a man in the audience started firing.

On the 14th inst. the road leading to Saw Bill lake, 130 tons of machinery were sent on a contractor's car.

In a collision between two passenger trains on the Reading railway in Pennsylvania, 25 persons were killed and 50 injured.

Due to high water the Bat Portage board of trade has asked the Dominion government to remove an old dam on the Winnipeg river.

A deputation of clergy and labor men waited on the secretary of the British consular department, protesting against Sunday newspapers.

At the Colonial dinner in London, Lord Strathcona and Aberdeen expressed the belief that the imperial government would adopt Canada's position on the Pacific cable.

Senator Fairbanks said that the Canadian commissioners valued the interest of the Dominion in the questions before the joint high commission very highly.

### A TEXAS TORNADO.

**A String of Freight Cars Carried Away—Eight Dead Bodies Recovered.**

Eagle Pass, Texas, May 14.—A tornado struck the mining town of Hondo, in central valley, on Wednesday. Lawrence McKinney, a son of the mine superintendent, was killed, and ten men severely injured. A large boarding house, the railroad station, a store and buildings connected with the mines were almost demolished. A string of freight cars were carried several miles out on the prairie. Eight bodies were recovered, the others are supposed to be in the ruins.

General Manager Johnson and Superintendent of Transportation Dickey of the International have gone to the scene of the disaster with a relief train. Full particulars are expected on their return. Hondo is 75 miles southwest of Eagle Pass. It is the centre of C.P. Huntington's Mexican coal and coke industries.

#### Sad Drowning Near Sifton.

Danphui, Man., May 14.—Settlers arrived from Sifton yesterday afternoon with particulars of the drowning of the Polish girl, Rosalia Cosmoct, aged 18. The deceased and her intended husband Matthew Schuchinger, together with two Galicians, attempted to ford the Valley river at Old Grist Mill crossing, when the wagon box was carried away by the swift running water and the occupants were dumped in the river. All but the girl reached the shore in safety. A priest was coming from Winnipeg today to marry Schuchinger and the unfortunate girl on Sunday. One of the horses was also drowned.

#### Suspected Suicide.

Virton, May 14.—A young man named John Stewart, single, residing five miles north of here on a farm with his brothers, left his home yesterday afternoon with the understood intention of going goose shooting. A shot was heard about 3 o'clock and as he did not return for supper, his brother started to look for him. When found he was unconscious, his lower jaw and his tongue having been carried away by the unaccountable discharge of his gun. He was taken to his brother's house and Dr. Young sent for. He was still alive at noon, but there are no hopes of his recovery. It is suspected that it is a case of attempted suicide.

#### Machinery at Bonheur.

Port Arthur, May 14.—At the last meeting of the board of trade thirty new members joined. Mr. J. O'Connor was elected president; J. G. King vice-president, and H. A. McKibbin secretary. The council will be elected at the next meeting.

Owing to the bad condition of the government road from Bonheur to Saw Bill lake, 130 tons of mining machinery are lying at Bonheur, waiting to be taken in, and unless the government improves the roads at once the whole summer will be lost to the contractors. The board took action on this question last night.

Toronto, May 14.—H. R. Frankland who came within three of defeating W. F. Macdonald for East Toronto at the elections of '96, has been appointed deputy collector.

## A SERIOUS ASPECT.

### FREIGHT HANDLERS PLEDGED NOT TO WORK.

**The Tie-Up at Duluth—20,000,000 Bushels of Grain Held on Account of the Strike.**

Buffalo, May 12.—The strike among the members of the Freight Handlers' union at this point is gradually assuming a serious aspect. There are now 2,000 of these men pledged not to work for any contractor and many of these are now on strike. Originally a few of them went out in sympathy with the grain shovellers, and now it is believed that in case the shovellers gain their point they will still remain out until their own difficulties have been satisfactorily settled.

Several managers of transportation lines said that if the contractors did not quickly demonstrate their ability to do the work of loading and unloading freight boats they would be compelled to devise other means of relieving the congestion of traffic at this point. At the Lehigh Valley docks the company asked in a lot of yardmen and other employees to take the place of the strikers.

At the Central Erie and other big docks the work was practically at a standstill, the few freight handlers who were at work being non-union men. The freight handlers demand an increase of wages from 45 cents an hour, the present rate, to 30 cents an hour for work outside of the freight houses and 20 cents an hour for inside work. They also ask for the abolition of the contract system.

The grain shovellers' strike is still in existence but there are many indications that it is an early settlement of the difficulty. The strikers are being strongly urged to accept the concessions offered to them by the Lake Carriers' association and it is thought that they will do so before the end of the week.

### FREIGHT RATES.

**Report of Brandon's Delegation to the Board of Trade.**

Brandon, May 12.—The report of the delegation of the board of trade which visited Winnipeg last week to urge the placing of Brandon on a fair footing in regard to freight rates states that the officials have promised to consider the matter and report in about ten days. President Mellon of the Northern Pacific has promised to bring the main line of their new branch into the city.

The officers of the Brandon Lawn Tennis club announced that the club courts were being used by a gang of hoodlums as football grounds. There is some talk of legal action in the matter.

Work on the new Methodist church is progressing rapidly and the brick work is now half way up the windows of the main auditorium. The Presbyterian congregation has entrusted the church under the able ministrations of Rev. A. E. Henry and the question of a new building is being discussed by its members.

#### The Press Excursion.

Toronto, May 11.—It is expected that the Canadian Press association's trip this year will take more newspaper men west than have ever been before. The excursion starts about August 1st and will occupy about three weeks. Arrangements will be made for those who wish to go no further than Winnipeg, but it is expected that a majority will avail themselves of the opportunity of going through to the coast.

#### Bristol Merchants Coming.

Toronto, May 12.—A special cable to the Globe says that a party of eight representative merchants of Bristol will leave for Canada on May 13th by the Elder Dempster steamer Montagu with a view to developing the trade relationship between the two countries. The deputation makes this visit at the invitation of A. L. Jones, of the Elder Dempster line.

#### Fireman Moore Killed.

Napanee, Ont., May 12.—A through eastbound Grand Trunk freight overtook and crashed into an eastbound way freight about two miles west of here this morning. Fireman W. Moore, of Belleville, who was on the rear engine, was instantly killed. The way freight was carrying a load of lumber. The through freight was in charge of Conductor McCallum, of Brockville. The road will be clear by 2 p. m.

New York, May 11.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Egyptian Museum, a session was held yesterday. James W. Alexander was elected president in place of Henry E. Hyde, who died recently. James H. Hyde was elected vice-president, Gust E. Tarbell, second vice-president, and George T. Wilson, third vice-president.

Toronto, Ont., May 12.—Sally Fallow, an elderly man, and well known round town, died suddenly in a cab at night of heart disease, while being driven from a restaurant to his home.



## The Qu'Appelle Progress.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

### A RUDE AWAKENING.

The Politician Found His Thoughts Were Not a Dream.

"So the convention didn't nominate me?" said the politician who had been continuously in office for eight or ten years.

The lieutenant shook his head.

"Did anything break loose?" asked the politician after a moment of thought.

"Not a thing."

"The people in the galleries didn't get up and hiss and walk out of the convention hall when I was turned down?"

"Not a man left."

"There was no popular demonstration and no one seemed to feel that the country was going to the dogs?"

"On the contrary, every one seemed to think it would worry along just about as comfortably as usual, and I didn't see a man die as if he expected an earthquake or some other indication of heavenly displeasure."

"And to think," said the politician reflectively, "that I have been under the impression that the salvation of this whole country has rested on me for the last eight years and seven months!" — Chicago Post.

### A TONIC FOR THE DEBILITATED.

Parmedie's Vegetable Pills by acting mildly but thoroughly on the secretions of the body are a valuable tonic, stimulating the lagging organs to healthful action and restoring them to full vigor. They can be taken in graduated doses and so used that they can be discontinued at any time without return of the ailments which they were used to allay.

### In Printing House Squares.

Banister—Whom does that statue represent?

Smith—Don't you know? That is Franklin the first American president.

It may be only a trifling odd, but not so it will be to the nation in your hands, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes and must expect to have changes and odds. We cannot avoid them but we can effect a cure by using Parmedie's Vegetable Pills.

And Constipative Syrup, the medicine that has been known to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all ailments of the throat, lungs and chest.

Ask for Parmedie's Lintiment and take no other.

### Fancy and Finance.

He longed to greet the girl.

He longed to feel the rain.

He longed to see the violet.

In beauty once again.

He longed to hear the humming of wind among the leaves.

He longed to hear the plover's song.

Of birds among the trees.

His longing caused repugnance.

To work of my sort.

In fact, he longed so much that he was nearly always short.

—Washington Star.

### Warmth came feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Gray's Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and efficient. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

### Mother's Lintiment is used by Physicians.

### A Word of Warning.

"Great geniuses," they say, are always absentminded.

"Yes, but don't fool yourself. All absentminded people are not great geniuses." — Detroit Free Press.

### The Easy Going Man.

He never has a single care.

There's aught can give him worry.

No matter what the time may be.

He never has a hurry.

He rises when it pleases him.

Does not return till late.

The latest styles don't trouble him.

But still he's up to date.

He does not bother over wheat.

The price of pork or stocks.

He never loses his business with.

Some day, and on the rocks.

His face is always lit with bright.

He very rarely cares.

The reason for so happy is.

Because he's only six.

—Detroit Free Press.

### FREE SEWING MACHINES.

ROYAL CROWN SOAP.

Wrappers and Coupons.

NEW WILLIAMS DROP HEAD.

VALUE \$65.00 EACH.

Given Away Weekly, Via:

WINNIPEG, OSE.

MANITOBA, Outside of Winnipeg, OSE.

P. W. Territories and Ontario, points east to Schreiber, OSE.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A COUPON.

No employee of the Soap Works allowed to misrepresent.

## DRAMATIC AUTHORS.

The Money That Is Earned by Writers For the Stage.

Wonderful stories are told of the amount paid to dramatic authors. If they were true, they would prove that the quickest way to get rich was to write a successful play. It takes about two years, however, for a skilled dramatist to make a play, and he cannot guarantee that it will be liked by the unfathomable public. The typical pay of a dramatic author is a per cent of the gross receipts weekly, but there is no fixed standard of payment. Some playwrights get a certain sum down and the usual royalty of a per cent. Others are paid on a sliding scale.

One noted pair of collaborators received for one of their productions a per cent of the gross receipts up to \$50,000 and a per cent additional of each \$1,000 over that figure. As their work drew \$70,000 a week for the first six weeks, their manager had to pay them \$200 a week, for the next three weeks. In the case of purely theatrical hack work, smaller prices are paid, but the rate is often fixed at so much a night, \$25 being a good fee.

For adaptations royalties are seldom paid in this country. A manager usually hires a hack dramatist and pays him a lump sum for his work. For operetta adaptations very small prices are paid. That is why the adaptations are usually such poor trash. No man who can do good work can afford to accept the terms. Original operettas, if successful, pay both managers and authors very well. D'Oyly Carte offered Gilbert and Sullivan \$10,000 down for the exclusive English rights to the "Pirates of Penzance." They declined the offer, accepted their customary royalties and got \$12,000.—W. J. Henderson in Scribner's.

TO PREVENT IS BETTER THAN TO REPAIR. A little medicine in the shape of the wonderful pills which are known as Parmedie's Vegetable Pills, administered at the proper time and with the proper care, often prevent a serious attack of sickness and save money which would go to the doctor. In all irregularities of the digestive organs they are an invaluable corrective and by cleansing the blood they clear the skin of imperfections.

### Mrs. J. Lintiment the Lintiment's Friend.

### Punctilious.

"It was all intended socially on a friendly," said Mr. Kafferty in explaining his black eye. "The way I got it the doctor was this. O.K. got a bit angry in the middle of the mix up, on the first tinge O.K. knew Casey, the contractor, who had kindly accepted no challenge to show who was the best man in the party, caught me off my guard and landed. It would never have happened if O.K. hadn't got casey." — Deland.

"No, O.K. been kapin away from him till O.K. got on question settled. Does Casey owe me an explanation for blacking me eye or ought O.K. apologize to him for losing me timber?" — Washington Star.

### Not Back or Side.

Is promptly relieved of all pain by using Griffiths' Menthol Lintiment. This remedy immediately penetrates to the painful parts, relieving in a few minutes. Menthol Lintiment is superior to plasters of any kind for lumbago, pleurisy, cold on chest, etc. All druggists, etc.

Is there anything more annoying than having your corns stepped on? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

### LAUGH AND GROW FAT.

The Dream of the Geometrist.

Alexander Kinetoski, Polish born, lived in a dream.

With logarithms deep.

Not on treble clef and bass, where the mental mediator.

Hatched no truths trigonometric.

And so he fell asleep.

He thought he was incarcerated in an octo-hedron.

Where a host of things pentagonal.

In horrid convulsive set.

And where his wits were enervated by false calculation.

Wearing over men diagonal.

An algebraic hat.

In a costume of transgressions and curves black curled.

Which refused to be square rooted.

To his horror he was drawn.

And he found that his transgressions would not be eradicated.

He was paralysed by death.

Though he did his very best.

In this life some manufacturers he ran from apartments.

For a course of unimpeachable.

Toward a vast abyss.

Where with his mind statistical he found new over 15,000 tons of brains corn.

Giving facts some had scandalous.

Of a short death's kiss.

No unknown points appeared to him people's heads.

The scholar leaped slightly.

With an air of surprise.

And himself with the glasses he found a spectrometer.

And was surprised to find.

That all had been a dream.

—Washington Star.

Dear Readers,

Householders will have to make up their minds to pay more for their liniment.

On account of the short crop of liniment corn last fall the price of the article has soared up until it is now ten cents higher than it was five months ago. With our winter, which also figure in the cost of liniment, have advanced in price. Manufacturers of liniment have made three advances in price since January last and the liniment is that the most in fact, it is a shortage of over 15,000 tons of liniment corn, until another harvest say Nov. 1st, the price of the article will be very high.

Keep Mother's Lintiment in the house.

## Permanent Cure of Salt Rheum.

The permanent cure after permanent cure that is being published week by week has placed Burdock Blood Bitters far above all other remedies in the estimation of the sick and suffering.

Even the severest and most chronic diseases that other remedies fail to relieve yield to the blood purifying, blood enriching properties of B.B.B.

Salt Rheum or Eczema—that most stubborn of skin diseases, which causes such torture and is so difficult to cure with ordinary remedies cannot withstand B.B.B.'s healing, soothing power.

The case of Mrs. J. S. Sanderson, Emerson, Minn., shows how effective B.B.B. is in curing Salt Rheum at its worst, and curing it to stay cured.

This is what she wrote:

"Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a bad attack of Salt Rheum three years ago. It was so severe that my fingers nearly came off. I can truly say that I know of no more valuable medicine in the world than B.B.B. It cured me completely and permanently, as I have never had a touch of Salt Rheum since."

### A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

Alpha Separator Shaft Breaks and Plays Havoc.

A frightful accident occurred at the Elgin Creamery, at this place, last Wednesday morning, which, by good fortune, caused very little damage, considering the circumstances. It seems almost a miracle that no one was killed.

The separators had been started for the day, and had just got under full motion, when Geo. Segar, who was attending to a belt, near by, noticed that one of the separators was making a peculiar noise and was not acting just right, and he called to his brother, J. W. Segar, who was in the weigh room.

The latter then, started from the weigh room to the floor which the separators were on, and had no more than reached the bottom of the steps when the air was filled with all kinds of flying iron, sheet steel, etc. Some of the missiles struck J. W. in the head, and inflicting several wounds and bruises, and knocking him senseless. He was immediately taken to his home and medical aid summoned. A careful examination showed that the wounds were nothing of a very serious nature, although the side of his face and his head was quite badly scratched and bruised.

The damage was caused by the breaking of the shaft of the separator close to the bowl and leaving the bowl free while revolving at the high rate of 6,000 per minute. It tore the gasing and covers of the separators into small pieces, and it was these which did the damage. The bowl jumped around the room quite lively before it stopped and left its marks good and deep wherever it struck. Parts of the casing were found imbedded in the walls all about the room, and several pieces went through an inch door near at hand.—Daily report, April 7.

### National Binder Twine.

Made Like Stationery.

March 10th, 1900.

NATIONAL FARMERS OF TORONTO.

Dear Sirs, I received the National Binder Twine, which was well packed and well packed, and I am very much pleased with it. With thanks, Yours truly,

GEORGE WALSH.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the work ending May 1st are as follows: Winnipeg, Lizzie Anderson, 202 Gwendoline St., Manitoba; Mattie, Macdonald, N. W. J. Mrs. Frank Terry, Whitewood. This competition will be discontinued after the 1st of this month, when the next drawing will take place. All persons having coupons and wrappers must have them in before that date.

### SUFFERING WOMEN.

For cure permanently all diseases peculiar to women, such as irregularities in menstruation and ulceration of womb, painful periods, and irregular menstruation, please write for FREE BOOK. No fee to be paid for the book.

Circle Ten.

J. S. & H. Co. Ltd.

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ALL STANDARD BRITISH COLUMBIA, ONTARIO AND REPUBLIC

STOCKS DEALT IN ON COMMISSION.

I am offering some attractive money making stocks just now. It will pay you to keep in touch with me. C. O. D. S. Bedford McNeill's, Clough's, Moring & Neale.

## NATIONAL POWDERED PHOSPHATE

THE BEST FERTILIZER KNOWN

RESUSCITATES worn out Lands, IMPROVES Good Lands and makes the Best Lands BETTER.

Cheaper and better than Bluestone as a preventative of Smut and Rust, besides increasing the quantity and improving the quality of the Crop.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT IN CANADA.

NATIONAL FARMERS' COY, TORONTO, ONT.

## BABY'S OWN SOAP

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP COV.

## LAWN SWINGS

R. A. LISTER & CO., Ltd., 202 King St. W., WINNIPEG.

CREAM SEPARATORS. With one of our Separators you make as much butter from 5 cows as you can from 12 without any extra help. You better calves and save a great deal of time and labour. Our Separators stand under the wear and tear of any other separator and need not be off the handle.

CASETYPE ENGINES. afford all the conveniences of a Power to country places that electricity does in cities. We handle the best and most moderate in price and install them with our own experts. Capabilities 20 Horse Power.

TREAD POWERS. We are sole agents for the tread power. Let that hard pony do the separating, churning and pumping and you will live longer yourself.

FACTORY FURNISHINGS. Current Differ Workers, Butter Boxes, Cheese Boxes, Egg Cases, Color Bandage, Box Dairy Salt, etc. Send our books, just arrived.

Write for prices and particulars.

THE H. A. NELSON & SONS CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL, QUE.

BRITANNIA, BEAVER and BULLFALO are the finest India and Ceylon TEAS packed. Put up by MacKENZIE & MILLS, Winnipeg.

BINDER TWINE. SELECTED MANILA HIGH GRADE MANILA (All made this season from Pure Manila Hemp) Ask for Prices and Samples. Special in documents to railroad buyers.

THE INDEPENDENT CORDAGE CO. (Limited), Toronto.

Manufacturers of Manila and Steel Binder Twine and Rope of every description.

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Instructions from you by mail to those who can not attend college. Find particulars on application to G. W. STEPHENS, Sec., Winnipeg Business College.

W. N. L. 120

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STEPHENS' PURE READY MIXED PAINT

Made with MANITOBA LENSED OIL.

For inside and outside House Painting, Floors, Ceilings, Walls, Roofs, Elevators, Granaries, Metal or Wood.

Reliable Paint for all purposes.

Sold by UP-TO-DATE Hardware Dealers.

MANUFACTURED BY G. F. STEPHENS & CO., WINNIPEG.

Can't Get Away

And you Can't Get Away from the FACT that

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is What You OUGHT to use. BECAUSE OF ITS PURITY

STRENGTH

CHEAPNESS.

25 CENTS PER LB. CAN.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

Circle Ten.

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